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HONGKONG, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1917.

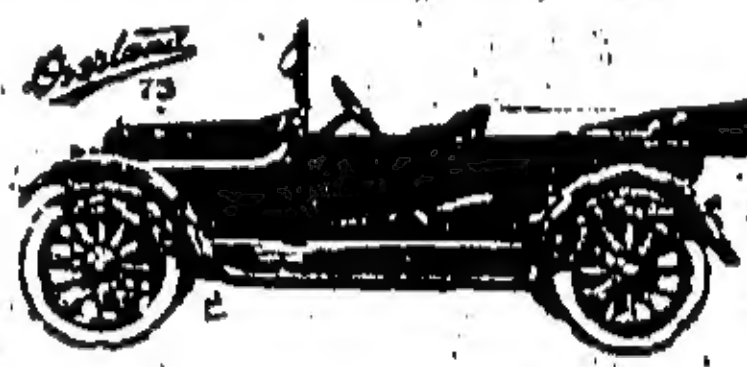
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THE WAR.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE BRITISH SUCCESS.

FURTHER DETAILS FROM SIR DOUGLAS HAIG.

AN EXHAUSTED ENEMY.

London, Sept. 21.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—
More detailed accounts of yesterday's battle confirm the completeness of the success.

Local attacks in the evening, in the neighbourhood of Tower Hamlets and to the north-east of Langemarck cleared up a number of strong points and completed the capture of the objectives in those localities.

It is now established that the enemy's casualties were unusually great in many counter-attacks in the afternoon and the evening, by considerable forces.

A clear light during the latter part of the day enabled us to obtain warning of impending attacks and the concentrated fire of rifles, machine-guns and artillery in every case destroyed the advancing German infantry. The obstinacy of the enemy's attacks only added to his losses without recovering any valuable ground.

The exhausted enemy did not counter-attack at night time and we consolidated our positions undisturbed. Our losses are light.

We drove off small attacks to the west of Havincourt and to the west of Lens.

HOW THE OFFENSIVE IS REGARDED.

London, Sept. 21.
The detailed character of Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's communiqué is welcomed by the papers which describe the new offensive as Sir Douglas Haig's reply to the latest German peace trap.

The offensive is regarded as important strategically. Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig is persistently pushing a big salient between Ypres, Roulers and Ypres-Menin Road and its extension eastwards will menace the German position in Flanders and northern France. This wedge, driven in the enemy's front, will separate the Germans to the south and north of the Lys river and if the movement continues as it has begun it will precipitate another "voluntary" retirement according to plan. Hence, Hindenburg's tremendous effort to check the British progress to the east, with his army on the line joining the towns of Menin and Roulers, Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig will now be able to attack Lille from the north and Ostend from the south.

THE ENEMY'S NEW DEFENCE SYSTEM.

DEFEATED BY NEW METHODS OF ATTACK.

London, Sept. 21.
Reuter's Correspondent telegraphs that the coveted ridge against which the Germans boasted that the British dashed themselves vainly on July 31 and August 15 fell yesterday morning and a new and cunning system of enemy defence was shattered by method and doggedness.

This system of pill boxes in shell holes was evolved by the Germans when they found the old trench system battered to pieces by our artillery. They made forward positions without any definite line, building innumerable concrete block-houses so arranged in depth that

they enfiladed each other and were so strong that only a direct hit by one of the heavier shells was able to damage them, and such a direct hit is most difficult on a small mark like a concrete house, holding, at most, 50 men. These little garrisons were mostly machine-gunners and picked men especially trained for outpost work and were able severely to damage an advancing battalion so that the forward lines passing through and beyond them would be spent and weak when exposed to the attack of the stostruppen specially trained in counter-attacking and held in reserve.

These hard nuts have now been cracked by a new method of assault planned with great forethought, with the result that the British have conquered the high ground which the Germans regarded as supreme from a strategic point of view on this sector.

Yesterday morning's attack began slightly in advance of the line won on July 31, which has since been held by the troops with wonderful tenacity against the repeated attacks of sixteen Divisions, while behind them was maturing the blow which Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig has now delivered.

LATER.
Reuter's Correspondent at Headquarters states:—

The more one hears about yesterday's great fight the more one admires the mastery, tactics and indomitable gallantry displayed. Never has the British Army had to tackle a tougher proposition than was met by the attack upon a defensive area of great depth and held so densely that it may be estimated that there was an average of over four Germans to every yard of front.

To the Anzacs, and some of the British troops, which served General Plummer so well at Messines, fell what might have been expected to prove the stiffest part of the grim day's task, and they acquitted themselves nobly.

For the Australians, it was the most complete and successful achievement in their glorious career. The English and Scottish battalions co-operating on their flanks added a new lustre to their imperishable laurels.

If I have heard a complaint against the Anzacs it is only one that they can bear with equanimity—that they went rather too rapidly. They dodged the wonderful barrage fire, for which they can find no praise too emphatic, so close that they were upon the Hun's before the latter could spring from their crouching positions. A particularly fine and picturesque incident occurred when they carried a strong point named Antae. A man, whose name should become immortal in the history of the Commonwealth, suddenly sprang on to the parapet and, amid a hurricane of cheers, planted the blue and white standard of Australia where it could be seen far and wide. It was an act of proud defiance of the Hun.

Further north, the South Africans are doing splendid work. They swept forward towards their mark with irresistible elan, and although it is yet too early to gather the full story of the deeds of those Springboks who are still amidst the smoke pall overhanging the front, I know they have again taken a noble part in the great adventure.
Regarding the Home and troops, they fought throughout at very close quarters, their traditional dash and valor. The Germans' snipe could not withstand those bayonet attacks.
(Continued on page 2)

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The £1 Certificates (purchase price 15s. 6d.) are issued in book form. The Certificates for £12 (purchase price 29 10s.) and £25 (purchase price £19 7s. 6d.) are issued without books. The £1, £12 and £25 Certificates are on sale at local Post Offices and at most Banks.

Single Certificates for sums from £100 to £500 may be obtained on application to the Comptroller and Accountant General, General Post Office, London; application forms are available at all Post Offices and at most Banks.

If Certificates be lost, and the serial numbers can be furnished to the Controller of the Money Order Department, new Certificates will be issued at charge of 1s.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, LONDON,
June, 1916.

(For examples of Investment in War Savings Certificates, see the other side.)

Examples of Investment in
War Savings Certificates

Purchase Price	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years
£500	£419 15	£419 15	£419 15	£419 15	£419 15
£250	£209 15	£209 15	£209 15	£209 15	£209 15
£125	£104 15	£104 15	£104 15	£104 15	£104 15
£62 10	£52 10	£52 10	£52 10	£52 10	£52 10
£31 5	£26 5	£26 5	£26 5	£26 5	£26 5
£15 10	£13 10	£13 10	£13 10	£13 10	£13 10
£7 10	£6 10	£6 10	£6 10	£6 10	£6 10
£3 15	£3 15	£3 15	£3 15	£3 15	£3 15
£1 15	£1 15	£1 15	£1 15	£1 15	£1 15

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DEMAND BY 150 TRADE UNIONS.

M.P.'S INVITED TO CONFER.

An unusual course says the *Daily Chronicle* of July 20th, has been taken by the General Federation of Trade Unions in inviting members of Parliament to attend a conference of its affiliated associations to be held on August 1st at the House of Commons to consider the question of soldiers' and sailors' pay. In the accompanying circular reference is made to the "extraordinary departure from normal methods," but it is added, "the excuse is to be found in the abnormal conditions and the unions' appreciation of the fact that the welfare of the service men is a matter for all."

With the circular is the following "proposal to improve the position of sailors and soldiers":

The Government has paid for the material things it required for the war, it has extended its financial assistance and credit to banks and private concerns, and it would act illogically if it hesitated to meet the demand for payment for that human element without which States cannot exist or wars be made. Surely if the human element voluntarily places itself at the service of the State, it is the duty of any Government to pay for this at least as fairly as it pays for its coal and its corn.

So wrote the management committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions in September 1914. Since then the committee has consistently pressed for financial consideration for the sailors and soldiers whose devotion has saved Britain from invasion and disintegration. All things that the sailor and soldier need, have increased, enormously, in price, and where British battalions are brigaded alongside Colonial troops, the Britisher cannot look at commodities and currencies the parsimony which gives him one-sixth of the pay the Australian and New Zealander receives.

SIXPENCE A DAY!

The hardships of the millions who have made allments to wives or parents can be better imagined than described, and many of these men have left situations in which the remuneration left a considerable margin for comforts and even luxuries. Sixpence per day is a scandalous sum to offer; and even this pittance is subject to deductions. It is not decent for those who stay at home to talk of patriotism while this scandal continues.

The Management Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions therefore demands:-

(1) That the minimum net allowance of any British soldier as from July 1, 1917, shall be 3s. per day.

(2) That the Government provides and pays from July 1, 1917, all allowances to wives and their dependents.

The duty of securing these improvements in the soldier's position rests upon the whole community, but Parliament is the determining authority, and because of this the Management Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions asks every member of the House of Commons, and the House of Lords for his attention to the proposals for naval and military reform.

mittee will also invite members of both Houses of Parliament to a conference, to be held in London at an early date.

In the meantime, the committee trusts that those who have borne none of the hardships of active service will not allow their sense of justice to be warped by exaggerated estimates of cost or unworthy suggestions of demoralisation.

The circular is issued and signed by order and on behalf of the 150 trade unions affiliated to the General Federation.

BULGAR BRUTALITY.

POLICY OF EXTERMINATION IN SERBIA.

In a statement issued by the Serbian Press Bureau at Corfu, it is related how Bulgarian crimes committed against the Serbian population continue to increase. It says:-

The British on the Salonica front have come into possession of an order addressed by the Bulgarian Minister of War to the Bulgarian Headquarters, which admits having sentenced to whipping and hard labour Serbian prisoners who had attempted to escape. The interned and the Serbian prisoners are informed that in the future any attempt to escape would render them liable, in addition to the death penalty, to the burning of their homes, the confiscation of their property, and the deportation of their families.

These Draconian measures against the civilian population and the Serbian prisoners are in flagrant conflict with international law, which prescribes only disciplinary penalties for such attempts which certainly do not constitute a criminal act. The Bulgarians thus trample on all the canons of international law. Murders do not satisfy them, and their aim in such methods is the extermination of the families of the killed. Their brutality is incredible, and they have become a race of degenerates, unconscious of the moral law of civilisation.

After assassinating Serbian teachers and priests, after interned the intellectuals, after recruiting the young men by force and carrying out a systematic deportation of the Serbian population, the Bulgarians, like organised bands of brigades, had recourse to new methods of destruction in the provinces and to the final extermination of the Serbian people. Fresh punishments aimed against prisoners and interned Serbs fore-shadow a new and premeditated attack, more assassinations, plunderings, deportations, and confiscations, and complete depopulation by the burning of Serbian homes.

BATTLE OF BIGHT

PRIZE MONEY AWARDED

In the Prize Court on July 2nd Sir Samuel Evans granted £5,415 bounty to the companies of the following warships, which took part in the Heligoland Light battle:- Princess Royal, Queen Mary, New Zealand, Birmingham, Ramona, Liverpool, Arctura, Lochary, Nile, Drake, Leonidas, and several submarines. These vessels participated in the sinking of the German warship *Koeln* with 467 men aboard, "Mines" with 241, *Admiral* with 206, and the *Prinzess Alice* with 100.

WEALTH IN BABIES.

GERMANY'S 4 MILLIONS IN TEN YEARS.

Babies as the most important of national assets were discussed in several places in London recently. In the garden of Cam' House, Kensington, at a festival connected with the five School for Mothers in Kensington, Mr. Herbert Samuel recalled his reign at the Local Government Board, and his innovation in persuading the Treasury to provide the cost of all Schools for Mothers approved by the Board.

In the ten years preceding the war, he said, the population of the British Isles increased by 3,500,000 people. That of Germany increased by 3,500,000, and the population of France remained stationary. Those were the kind of facts which, in the long run, determined the fate of nations and of the ideas for which nations stood. If this country believed that it stood for great and worthy ideas it must organise itself so as to have behind those ideas sufficient numbers to prevail in any clash of nations.

Belgian boys and girls of the Poland-street colony which has been established in the heart of London's foreign quarter celebrated Baby Week by showing what little children could do to entertain a party of about 500 British Tommies from neighbouring hospitals. The unaffected way in which the soldiers enjoyed a playlet wittily acted in English by Antwerp children, who had probably never heard the language three years ago, was pleasant to see.

5,243 WOMEN ON THE LAND.

The number of women placed on the land in the United Kingdom up to the end of June was 5,243, and with regard to the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, 1,097 clerks, and 1,200 domestic workers have been called up by the War Office up to the end of June.

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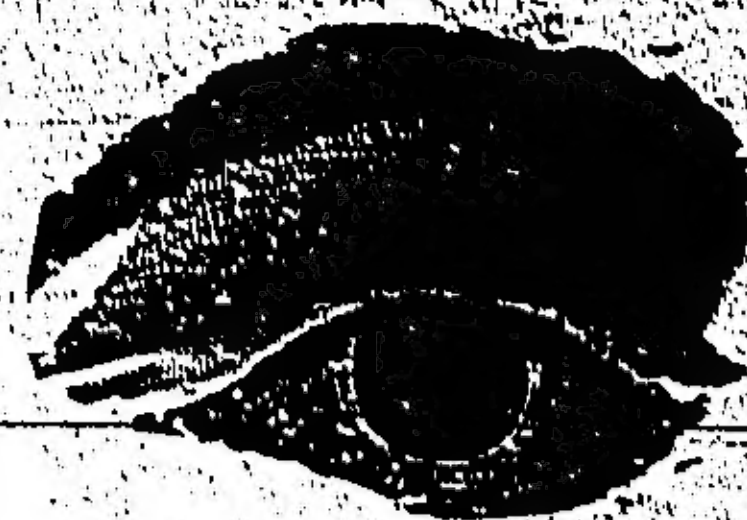
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Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH ON WATER FRONTS	DEPTH AT WATER FRONTS	DEPTH AT WATER FRONTS	DEPTH AT WATER FRONTS	DEPTH AT WATER FRONTS
DOCK NO. 1	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 2	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 3	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 4	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 5	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 6	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 7	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 8	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 9	100	10	10	10	10
DOCK NO. 10	100	10	10	10	10



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PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Official Administrator to sell by Public Auction,

on

MONDAY,
the 24th September, 1917, at 12 noon
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner
of Ice House Street.

THE CLOTHING AND EFFECTS of the
late J. E. JOHNSTONE.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2123

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

THURSDAY,
the 27th September, 1917, at 2.30 p.m.,
on the premises of the Hongkong and
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co.,
Kowloon, (Godown No. 25),
The following **SUNDRY GOODS**—
3 Large rolls of Composition Runner
for machinery rooms, (3 feet wide),
1x40 gallon cask heavy oil,
4 crates of Glass Jars,
10x40 gallon Drums Carbolineum,
3x10 gallon Drums Spirits of Wine,
70 bags Stone Nuts,
3 bags Shell "blacklips,"
30 bags Cocoa Nibs (damaged),
7 cases Shell "blacklips,"
20 cases Mineral Water "Sauer
brunnen."

Also
immediately following the above sale,
(in Godown 51), on the same premises,
the undermentioned, (in Bond),
11 cases Houses of Loris Whisky,
20 cases of Beer.
On view from Tuesday the 25th inst.
at noon.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2106

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

SATURDAY,
the 29th September, 1917, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF
**DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
DISINFECTANTS, ANTISEPTICS
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Consisting of—
QUININE in bulk and tabloid form,
Balsam Peru, Oleum Ricini, Oleum
Olive, Styrag. Res. Ung. Acid Boric,
Ung. Hydrarg. Ciner. Ung. Zinc, Iodo-
form, Formaldehyde, Laudum, Acid
Carbol. Pur. Liq. Alumini. Acet. Tinct.
Myrrh, Tinct. Opium, Gelatin Capsules,
Chloroform, Aether, Spt. Camphor, and
a few gross of Medicine bottles, &c., &c.

Also
A number of Tubes of Hypodermic
Injections of Morphine, Cocaine, &c., &c.,
and about 200 Tubes of Salvarsan,
&c., &c.

Several cases of medicated Cotton
Wool, Bandages, Iodoform Gauze, &c.,
&c., &c.

N.B.—Several lines of the above
drugs are now practically unobtainable
owing to the War.

Catalogues will be issued.

On view from Friday the 28th inst.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 20, 1917. 2093

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

MONDAY,
the 1st October, 1917, at 10.45 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

TWO LARGE HAND
PRINTING PRESSES.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 31, 1917. 2120

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

MONDAY,
the 1st October, 1917, at 10.45 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

FOR ADVERTISEMENTS,
ILLUSTRATIONS, ETC.

CAREFULLY AND ACCURATELY
PRODUCED.

Orders may be placed with the
China Mail Office.

Hongkong, Sept. 31, 1917. 2120

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

MONDAY,
the 1st October, 1917, at 10.45 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

TUESDAY,
the 25th September, 1917, commencing
at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

**VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
BRASS BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, PICTURES,**
&c., &c.

As follows:

Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and
Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furni-
ture, comprising Double and Single
Brass-mounted Bedsteads and Twin
Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,
Extension Dining Tables and Chairs,
Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner
Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath
Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and
Writing Tables, Sundry Electro-Plated
Ware, &c.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, Sundry Black-
wood Furniture, including Large 6-Fold
Blackwood Screen with 5-Coloured
Panels, Engravings, Pictures, &c., &c.,
Tennis Poles and Netting.

A few lots of Turkish Bath Sheets,
Towels, Single and Double Bed Sheets,
Bed Quilts, &c.

Also
One Large Hall Clock.
PIANO by Collard & Collard.
Shiedmayer & Soehne,
Stuttgart.

One Fair Old Pokinese Brass Lions.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2123

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

MONDAY,
the 1st October, 1917, at 10.45 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

The following **SUNDRY GOODS**:
100 hand-laid Wood Axes,
150 Pick Axe Heads,
Three Leather Machinery Belts,
100 Dry Cell Batteries,
3x10 gallon Drums Spirits of Wine,
30 doz. Mouth Organs,
Galvanized Piping, Shackle, Wire,
Fudlocks, Whistles,
&c., &c.

Also
A large quantity of Enamelled Cooking
Utensils.

And
8 complete Telephones, together with
China Insulators, Cross Arms, and 2 coils
of Wire.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2120

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

TUESDAY,
the 25th September, 1917, commencing at
4.45 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF
VALUABLE POSTAGE STAMPS,
including many rare varieties.
Catalogues will be issued.

On view from Monday the 24th October
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2118

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

TUESDAY,
the 25th September, 1917, commencing at
4.45 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

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VALUABLE POSTAGE STAMPS,
including many rare varieties.
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On view from Monday the 24th October
Terms:—Cash.

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Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2118

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on

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at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

FOR ADVERTISEMENTS,
ILLUSTRATIONS, ETC.

CAREFULLY AND ACCURATELY
PRODUCED.

Orders may be placed with the
China Mail Office.

Hongkong, Sept. 31, 1917. 2120

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at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

WOMAN DIPLOMATIST.

SURPRISE FOR HUNS.

NO FRATERNISATION AT THE
HAGUE.

It will probably be a surprise to many
people, says the "Daily Mail," to learn
that a lady was one of the six British
official representatives at the recent
Anglo-German Conference at the Hague
on matters relating to prisoners of war.

It is, so far as we are aware, the first
occasion in international political history
that a woman has sat at a table of
diplomatic negotiation. It is also prob-
able that the German delegates, upon
entering the council chamber at the Dutch
Foreign Office, experienced a feeling of
no little astonishment at discovering that
a woman was a member of the British
delegation.

As follows:

Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and
Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furni-
ture, comprising Double and Single
Brass-mounted Bedsteads and Twin
Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,
Extension Dining Tables and Chairs,
Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner
Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath
Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and
Writing Tables, Sundry Electro-Plated
Ware, &c.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, Sundry Black-
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Panels, Engravings, Pictures, &c., &c.,
Tennis Poles and Netting.

A few lots of Turkish Bath Sheets,
Towels, Single and Double Bed Sheets,
Bed Quilts, &c.

Also
One Large Hall Clock.
PIANO by Collard & Collard.
Shiedmayer & Soehne,
Stuttgart.

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(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

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Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2123

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100 hand-laid Wood Axes,
150 Pick Axe Heads,
Three Leather Machinery Belts,
100 Dry Cell Batteries,
3x10 gallon Drums Spirits of Wine,
30 doz. Mouth Organs,
Galvanized Piping, Shackle, Wire,
Fudlocks, Whistles,
&c., &c.

Also
A large quantity of Enamelled Cooking
Utensils.

And
8 complete Telephones, together with
China Insulators, Cross Arms, and 2 coils
of Wire.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2120

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PROMOTION ANOMALIES.

ARMY OFFICERS TO "CARRY
RECORDS OF THEIR SERVICES."

The report of the committee ap-
pointed to inquire into the system of
promoting officers in the Special
Reserve, New Armies and Territorial
Forces, with "special regard to anomalies
which may have arisen," was issued
recently.

The committee point out the immense
difficulties of offering new battalions
in the first emergency of war.

"The fact that the British armies of
to-day were brought into existence while
all the time an ever-broadening front
was successfully held against the enemy,
constitutes an achievement unexampled
in military records. That there should
at the same time be an enormous num-
ber of inequalities, inconsistencies and
anomalies in the fortunes of individuals
is in no way remarkable."

The committee recommend that
second lieutenants should be automati-
cally promoted to lieutenants after 18
months' service, and that acting rank
gained on the field should be retained
by officers while they are home, sick or
wounded, subject to certain conditions.

They also suggest that every officer
should be provided with a small book
containing his record of service. They
consider it highly important that acting
rank should be freely accorded to the
officers who are actually bearing the
burden of command.

"We are satisfied," adds the report,
"that no barrier now prevents the con-
ferring of commissions upon those serv-
ing in the ranks to any extent that merit
justifies."

A note by the Army Council says the
various recommendations, with two ex-
ceptions, have been approved, and action
is being taken.

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Galvanized Piping, Shackle, Wire,
Fudlocks, Whistles,
&c., &c.

WATSON'S BRANDY.

Superior Old Cognac.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Telephone No. 616.

To-day's Advertisements

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

THE ANNUAL AQUATIC SPORTS will be held on THURSDAY 27th, FRIDAY 28th and SATURDAY 29th September.

Entrance fee: Club members 50 cents each event except 12, 17 and 18. Soldiers and sailors half price. ENTRIES CLOSE ON MONDAY NEXT.

Entries will not be accepted unless accompanied by entrance fees. R. C. WITCHELL, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 22, 1917. 2132

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND Conditions of the Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 1st day of October, 1917, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of R. W. LAND at Nathan Road, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars of the Lot.	Boundary Measurements (Approximate)	Area (Approximate)	Estimated Value (Approximate)
Lot 1, Nathan Road, Kowloon.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	\$10,000

THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.
9 p.m.—Police Reserve Band Night in the Public Gardens.

MEMO. FOR MONDAY.
Entries close for V.R.C. Annual Aquatic Sports.
Noon—Auction of Clothing and Effects of the late J. P. Johnston at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, Sept. 25.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Bedsteads, Piano, etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 26.—
5.30 p.m.—H.K. St. Andrew's Society's Meeting.

9.15 p.m.—Open Air Concert at Helena May Institute.

THURSDAY, Sept. 27.—
Settlement Day: Hongkong Stock Exchange.

12.15 p.m.—Union Insurance Society's Extra General Meeting.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Sundry Goods at Kowloon Godowns.

5.30 p.m.—Kowloon Cricket Club's Annual General Meeting.

THURSDAY, Sept. 28 & SAT. 29 Sept.—
V.R.C. Annual Aquatic Sports.

SATURDAY, Sept. 29.—
Michaelmas Day.

10.30 a.m.—Auction of Drugs, Chemicals, Hospital Sundries, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

Noon—Douglas Steamship Co's Meeting.

SUNDAY, Sept. 30.—
Al Fresco Fête in aid of Society of St. Vincent de Paul.

Monday, Oct. 1.—
October Criminal Sessions commence.

1.30 a.m.—Full Moon.

10.45 a.m.—Auction of Two Hand Printing Presses, Wood Axes, Axes, Heads, Cooking Utensils, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

Monday, Oct. 2.—
General Holiday.

Tuesday, Oct. 3.—
Auction of Postage Stamps at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, Sept. 22, 1917.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

THE Chinese Government is getting plenty of advice as to what it ought to do now that China is at war with the common enemies of Civilization. The Union of Chambers of Commerce in a lengthy petition insists on the urgent need of attention being paid to "the welfare of the merchants," and proceeds to set forth in detail what the merchants expect. The first is that the Government should obtain a careful estimate of the country's food supplies, and decide what quantity it will allow to be exported, having due regard to the country's own needs. Secondly, they urge the need of attention to the monetary situation, recommending the resumption of specie payments by the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications, and the prohibition of the export of silver. Thirdly, they demand an embargo on the export of cotton, which is now stated to be double the price that it was a year ago, owing to the increased export to meet foreign demands. Their fourth proposal is for a reduction of *lekin* charges and railway freights, together with an improvement in the examination service with a view to avoiding the present delays in the movement of merchandise. Finally they draw attention to the fact that owing to the political disturbances and the presence of "soldier brigades," many factories have been closed, with the result that much distress has been created, and it is urged that the Government should take measures to secure the re-opening of these factories and also to generally encourage the development of industrial undertakings by means of increased banking facilities, etc., and by Government subsidies, "so that when the war is over in Europe, China may be able to recover her financial equilibrium." The great war in Europe, especially in its economic aspects, is certainly making China think seriously about the ordering of her own household, and the result cannot but be helpful to her progress and development, if some of the thoughts are translated into action.

So long, however, as the present political dissensions exist in China, threatening civil war at any moment, it is impossible to hope for much from any measures the Government may adopt to promote the country's industrial and commercial prosperity. This can only be founded on stable peace and sound administration. So long as it is possible for disgruntled politicians to gather in parts of the country remote from the capital, set up so-called Military Governments, and organize rebellion against the authority of the Government in the capital of the Republic, a general sense of insecurity must exist among the wealth-producers of the country, and this is fatal to the country's prosperity. The dangerous game which Sun Yat Sen and his friends have been playing at Canton for some months past has been one

ceeding long enough. It has been announced that the Chief Procurator has decided to issue warrants for the arrest of Dr. Yen and all the members of the defunct Parliament who have gathered in Canton to promote his political schemes. Whether these warrants could be executed without serious trouble ensuing is a question about which it is impossible to be confident. The so-called "Military Government" at Canton—or Whampoa—appears to control a large body of troops, and any attempt to suppress this "Military Government" by force would conceivably lead to a serious conflict. But more frequently in China than elsewhere, it is the unexpected that happens. Lately there has seemed to be an approach towards a compromise, and it is to be hoped that an amicable settlement may yet be reached.

It would be impossible to estimate what the constant political disturbances during the past few years have cost China, but the amounts spent in bribing recalcitrants and in satisfying the demands of brigand troops would form a pretty formidable total in themselves. It is very natural at the present time, when the Powers are again coming to China's assistance financially that they should wish to see the national expenditure of China more effectively controlled. One of the leading Japanese dailies has recently suggested that the supervision of the expenditure of the money advanced to China by the Powers is not in itself sufficient. We have only to remember, it says, how the \$250,000,000 has been spent. "The purposes to which the Chinese Government devotes the actual proceeds of the loan may be quite proper, and in accordance with the arrangement, but as soon as the Government succeeds in concluding a big loan, it begins to appropriate the proceeds of the various sources of revenue and squander them on settling party feuds and personal squabbles." The truth of this cannot be disputed, and if these expensive political disturbances continue, the Powers which are lending China money may sooner or later be compelled to ask for effective control over the whole of the Government expenditure.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The weather conditions promise to be ideal for the concert in the Botanical Gardens to-night. It starts at 9 o'clock.

We are asked to remind the public that entries for the V.R.C. Aquatic Sports, several events of which are open to the Colony, close on Monday.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to recognise, provisionally and pending the receipt of instructions from His Majesty's Government, Mr. Eisaku Suzuki as Consul-General for Japan in Hongkong.

Mr. J. J. Bryan, Hon. Corresponding Secretary in Hongkong of the Overseas Club, has received from Mr. H. E. Carmichael a donation of \$500 for the Aeroplane Fund. As the local fund has been closed, Mr. Bryan is forwarding the donation to the headquarters of the Club.

The "China Critic" (Tientsin) quotes an official source at Peking that the application of the Kailash Mining Administration to take over the collieries of the Ching Hsing Company a Sino-German Corporation holding properties on the Chihli-Shansi border, has been sanctioned.

In recognition of their services against the monarchists under Chang Hsun, all the employees of the Government railways are to be given one month's extra pay, and the officers and men of the 12th Division as well as the students and staff of the Nanyang Aviation School are to be promoted one grade.

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

IF you are subject to attacks of diarrhoea, keep absolutely quiet for a few days, rest in bed if possible, be careful of your diet and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This medicine has cured cases of chronic diarrhoea that physicians have failed to cure, and it will cure you. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

EUROPEAN HELD UP.

On the 12th instant, a European who was walking on his way to the Sin Ha Hang lead mines, in Sha Tau Kok district, was held up by a gang of four men who were armed with revolvers and knives.

The robbers seized hold of the foreigner and began to relieve him of a quantity of dynamite he had in his possession and a wrist watch. Finding they could extract nothing more, the robbers tied their victim securely with ropes and left him lying on the road where he remained in a helpless condition till about an hour later when some Chinese, who witnessed the hold-up, set him free.

The matter was reported to the police who have arrested the robbers.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments are announced in the Government Gazette:

Mr. Law Yanpak to be a Member of the Board of Examiners, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. E. Wood, *res.* Mr. A. R. Cavalier, with effect from September 11th.

Mr. G. N. Orme to be an Assistant to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs in addition to his duties as District Officer.

The King's approval of the temporary appointment of the Hon. Mr. R. G. Sheehan and the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell as Unofficial members of the Legislative Council is notified.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

The body of a Chinese youth, aged 18, was sent to the Public Mortuary yesterday. It had been found floating in Giddindere's Bay. It is believed that the deceased was drowned accidentally while bathing at Stonecutters Bay on the 10th instant. The deceased was identified as a school boy of Ying Wah School, Cause Road. He was a member of the Ambulance Section in the Hongkong Police Reserve.

SERVICE DOLLAR.

Mr. E. A. M. Williams, Local Hon. Secretary of the Navy League, has received the following cable dated 21st September from the General Secretary of the Navy League, London:—"Your cable regarding service owing high rate exchange being pressed upon Government."

"OUR DAY."

LADY MAY ROSE FUND.

Subscription already acknowledged \$500
Messrs. Snowman & Co. 100
\$600

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Dr. W. V. M. Koch and Mrs. Koch returned by the T. K. K. steamer *Korea Maru* from a brief holiday in Japan.

We learn that the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak and Mrs. Holyoak and children, who have been spending the summer in the United States, are at present in Japan.

Mr. George Pratt Ingersoll, a distinguished banker and lawyer of New York and New Haven, has been appointed American Minister to Bangkok, and is booked to sail from San Francisco on October 11th. Mr. Ingersoll will be accompanied by his wife and daughter.

TROOPS FOR THE FRONT.

AN "AWE-INSPIRING ARMY" FROM CHINA.

According to the Chinese Press, a fourteen-province have expressed approval of a proposal to send 6,000 troops from each province to the front, the Ministry of War and the Office of the Chief of the General Staff are formulating plans for the establishment of training camps for expeditionary forces, which will be called the Hsuan Wei Army, or the Awe-Inspiring Army.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

THIS remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. It has been a favorite with the mothers of young children for almost forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and grip, but prevents their resulting in pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

THE MAGISTRACY.

OPIUM.

A Chinese woman was charged before Mr. Wood this morning with unlawful possession of 3 taels of prepared opium other than Government opium.

Defendant pleaded guilty, saying that she was asked to carry the opium to the Kowloon Railway station by another woman.

After hearing the evidence His Worship fined the defendant \$250 with the alternative of three months hard labour.

COBBLER'S THEFT OF TACKS.

A Chinese, described as a cobbler, was charged before Mr. Wood this morning with the larceny of 6 packets of tacks valued at \$6, from the hold of the *s.s. Empress of Asia*.

Defendant pleaded not guilty. His stated he was a cobbler from West Point and that while working on board the ship he picked up the tacks as it appeared they were not wanted.

Mr. Macphail, assistant purser of the vessel, told His Worship that the tacks were not used on board the ship. He knew they had some cases of tacks as cargo and when he examined these cases he found one case broken and several packets missing. Defendant was not employed on the ship.

After hearing further evidence Mr. Wood sentenced the defendant to four months' hard labour, and four hours stocks in lieu of the last day.

WHOLESALE THEFT.

On the morning of the 20th inst., at about 5 o'clock a Chinese watchman of the Kowloon Godowns noticed a sampan moving alongside a lighter belonging to the Company and saw men on board the latter transferring a quantity of wax blocks and iron into the sampan. He called a fellow watchman and they went to investigate. The workers seeing the watchmen approaching, scattered. Some ran onto the wharf, some into different lighters and the rest jumped into the water. Defendant was amongst those who jumped into the water and being a poor swimmer he was picked up and arrested, and charged with the larceny of 400 lbs of iron, valued at \$40, and 325 lbs of wax, valued at \$75.

Inspector Gordon told His Worship that the stuff must have been stolen during transhipment of the cargo and had probably been concealed in the lighter for three or four days. Two days were spent in trying to find the other folks of the lighter and the sampan but without success. Defendant pleaded not guilty. He said he was told by his employer to transfer the goods from the lighter to the sampan and it was not his business to question his instructions. Whether the stuff has been stolen or not, he could not say.

After hearing further evidence His Worship sentenced the defendant to four months' hard labour.

LARCENY IN YAUMATI.

Three Chinese were charged before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning with the larceny of various articles of clothing, jewellery &c. of the occupants of No. 185 Reclamation Street, Yaumati. Two of the defendants were arrested in Hongkong while Detective Sergt. Willis captured the third in a brothel at Yaumati. The men had previous convictions recorded against them and had also served terms of banishment.

After hearing the evidence, His Worship sentenced the defendants to three months' hard labour.

COMMERCIAL.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor's Weekly Share Report dated 21st September says:

"Our market remains practically unchanged and business is scanty."

The same may be said of Shanghai. So little change has occurred in local quotations that we dispense with our usual detailed report this week. Hongkong Stocks have slightly improved their position to a buying rate of \$113.

Rumours came unaltered from Singapore. Some business has been done in tin, diamonds, \$2.10 (Straits Currency), New Serendib, \$4.50 (Straits Currency), Pajamas, \$2.10 and dividend (Straits Currency).

The quotation for the raw material is 2s. 9d. per lb. for Plantation Rubber.

The total output of the Kailash Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 8th September amounted to 20,077 tons, and the sales during the period to 20,222 tons.

RHEUMATISM.

HAVE you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism? If not, you are wasting time, as the longer this disease lingers on the harder it is to cure. Get a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm today, apply it with a vigorous massage to the affected parts, and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK.

HALF-YEARLY MEETING.

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS GENERALLY.

The seventy-fifth regular meeting of shareholders of the Yokohama Specie Bank was held on the Bank's premises on the 10th instant, when Mr. Inouye Jinnosuke, Chairman of the Board of Directors gave a fairly comprehensive review of the financial and economic conditions of the world during the past half-year. The Chairman (as reported by the *Japan Gazette*) said in part:

Reviewing the economic conditions abroad, we note that the war in Europe has already continued over three years and that during these eventful days the belligerents have consumed a vast amount of wealth in providing the necessities of war. Notwithstanding this, the monetary circles in Great Britain and France are normal, and the rate of discount on the State Banks of these two countries shows no difference from that prevailing in the early days of the war. The way in which the people of Great Britain subscribed for the Third War Loan—the subscriptions reached upward of £1,100,000,000—is an unmistakable sign of the inexhaustible resources of British finance. However, it is inevitable that the supply of goods by these nations becomes considerably deranged by the decrease in man-power and the lack of necessary shipping space, as a consequence of the continuation of hostilities, and that the nation should try to adjust the new conditions by proclaiming embargoes on exports and imports. This, therefore, has culminated in a general depression in foreign trade, despite the great activity in the import of munitions. Another outcome of the state of affairs is that no change has been brought about in the exchange of bills between Great Britain and America, although there has been some improvement in this business between Great Britain and France. Depressingly, the case is entirely different with Russia. With her, not only are foreign trade conditions bad, but the price of the ruble is seriously affected, as a result of internal conditions and the rumours of a separate peace. The rate of exchange between Russia and Japan has during the term gone in favour of Japan from 175 rubles to 200 rubles. The exchange between Japan, on the one hand, and Great Britain and France on the other, has been quite firm, with the former 2s. 9d. was steadily maintained and with the latter from 2 francs 25 centimes to 2 francs 55 centimes.

In America, capital continued abundant and business conditions prosperous. Although the methods of German and marine piracy had worn patience and driven her to resort to arms against the enemy in April last, no bad effect has been noted in trade. On the contrary, her commerce and industry have become still more active, in consequence of the new enterprises in the manufacture of munitions.

In accordance with the announcement made public at the time of the declaration of war as to the giving of financial aid to the Entente Powers, the American Government issued a 3 per cent. War Loan for \$2,000,000,000 dollars. Of this sum, \$900,000,000 dollars has already been issued in the form of a long term loan, while the total amount of the applications for subscriptions reached \$1,000,000,000 dollars. As Washington lent \$1,000,000,000 dollars to the Allied Governments, the latter benefited much in their exchange of bills. America's action did not stop here. The Government promulgated many laws about the restrictions of food, fuel, shipbuilding, etc. Consequently the United States is fast superseding England as the market for the international settlement of munition accounts. Moreover, a portion of the accounts for general foreign trade has now come to be settled in New York. New York exchanges more bills than London does to-day—a thing never dreamed of before the war.

The commercial relations between Japan and America have been quite satisfactory. Although our imports from America are of big volume, our exports have been still larger, and the balance of trade is in our favour. Specie is being imported in order to settle the accounts. At the beginning of the year, the Yen was quoted at 892 but it rose to 806 in May and 803 recently.

The foreign trade of India shows a great increase as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. While owing to lack of shipping space exports fell off last half year by \$4,000,000 as against the previous half year, the imports rose by about \$15,000,000 over \$5,000,000 of last year. In the Indian trade account bills were largely depended on as the means of change, but the sale of these having been restricted last winter, importers of raw cotton were unable to procure the money they required. Consequently we had to send to Bombay a big amount of gold pieces and silver bullion.

Australia experienced general business prosperity, owing to the rich harvest of wheat and wool. Some difficulty was experienced in the wool trade because of the monopoly in the purchase of the article by the British Government. While our Government made representations to London regarding this, the negotiations have not yet come to an end and we are unable to obtain anything beyond the contracts entered into last year. In exports, sulphur alone shows an increase, but habutaba, china and crockery, etc. have fallen off, so the trade conditions cannot be said to have prospered beyond those of the corresponding period of last year.

Our trade activity with Hongkong largely consisted in the exportation of raw silk, tin and rice, and the importation of cotton yarn and goods, flour, petroleum, and general merchandise. Above all, the scarcity of stocks of cotton goods gave rise to briskness towards the end of the season. Hongkong has learned the use of American steel and machinery and Japanese cotton goods, paper and glass as good substitutes for European imports.

Despite monetary tightness and lack of specie, the export trade of Shanghai was prosperous, as a result of activity in the tungsten trade. Raw silk became scarce, due to a big demand in America.

Glancing over the imports, the decrease of Japanese cotton yarn is noticeable, the cause being the lack of sufficient ships and abundance of the supply of home production. But Japanese cotton goods have been in greater demand than ever. Recently silver was quoted at 184 pence, which price had not been seen since 1891. It is believed that this remarkable order of things is due to the big increase in demand by the belligerents and India for the metal. China, in order to make up her deficiency, had to draw a big quantity of gold from us.

The trade of Hankow, though affected by the political stir in China, was active in Japanese cotton goods. Activity was also seen in the export of raw-cotton-hulls, beans and anti-rusts. There is demand for Russia, because of the ban of England. The money market of Hongkong reflected the situation in Shanghai. In Tientsin the exportation of copper and peanut oil has come into its own; and in cotton goods, our manufacturers are at their zenith.

In Manchuria the export of beans and bean-hulls was prosperous, while the import of Japanese goods was very good despite the internal conditions of Russia, but shipments of merchandise to the various points of the river were impossible and have much trouble to merchants. Moreover, because of the absolute prohibition by Petrograd, of exchange bills with foreign countries, the importers and exporters have suffered a great deal of inconvenience.

"RUNS" ON BANKS.

Some details are to hand by mail regarding the recent "run" on the Yokohama Specie Bank at Peking. Quite a crop of sensational rumours had been put into circulation, "any one of them sufficient to promote the 'run' on the Bank. Among them were the following: (1) Rebellion had broken out in Korea; (2) German troops had arrived on the Korean border; (3) there would be a discount on all the notes issued by the Yokohama Specie Bank; the Bank's branch at Tientsin had closed its doors, being unable to meet the demand for silver; and (4) that the Shanghai branch of the Bank had issued an excessive amount of notes. These rumours were lies, every one of them, but they produced the effect calculated by the miscreants who put them in circulation. "Hundreds of people," we read, "crowded the counters of the Bank to exchange their notes and withdraw their deposits." The Bank, being one of the strongest financial institutions in the East, it is scarcely necessary to say that all demands were promptly met. No doubt every effort has been made to discover the originator of the string of falsehoods which created the panic, but so far these efforts do not appear to have met with any success.

There was also a small "run" on the Russo-Asiatic Bank at Shanghai last Monday. The total paid out came to about \$50,000. Mr. G. B. Adamson, the acting Manager, explained the incident to a Press representative as follows:—"You know what the Russian Rouble situation has been of late. The Chinese, as well as others, have been buying Rouble notes on speculation. This bank is not a free buyer of Roubles. We take them on deposit, of course, and when it suits our convenience we buy, but we don't confine ourselves to Roubles, because we are here to finance trade. It may seem queer, but some Chinese have the impression that Rouble notes are the notes of the Russo-Asiatic Bank. If we weren't taking in Roubles then, in their opinion, we were refusing our notes. It is possible that there is some spite mixed up in the affair too, on the part of exchange shop men who buy and then expect to hand the Roubles in to us at a profit."

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

All Divisions will parade at the Law Courts on Sunday, the 30th inst., at 9 a.m.

Dress—Helmets, Shorts, Puttees, Water-bottles (filled), Water bottles. Hand-stretchers required.

T.C.C. DIVISION.

Sunday, September 23rd.—
8.45 a.m. Route March. Fall in at Headquarters.

Dress—Helmets, Shorts, Puttees, Water-bottles (filled), Water bottles (filled). Tuesday, September 24th.—
8 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Thursday, September 27th.—
8 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

RAIFORCE DIVISION.

Monday, September 24th.—
4.15 p.m. Banding Class.

Tuesday, September 25th.—
4.30 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Wednesday, September 26th.—
2 p.m. Band Practice.

Friday, September 28th.—
4.30 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Saturday, September 29th.—
2 p.m. Band Practice.

quarantine division.

Monday, 24th instant.—
4.15 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Wednesday 26th instant.—
4.15 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Friday 28th instant.—
4.15 p.m. Squad and Stretcher Drill.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. Co.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS
LONDON and BOMBAY, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT
SAID and MARSEILLES.

SHANGHAI, MOJI and KOBE.

LONDON via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID
AND MARSEILLES.

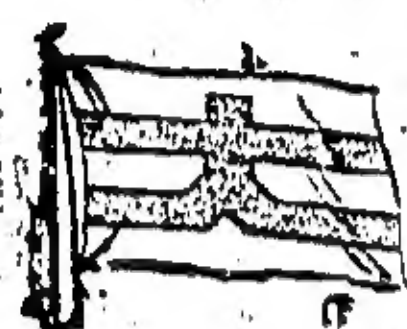
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

LONDON and BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT
SAID and MARSEILLES.

Wireless on all steamers. Return tickets at a fare and a-half available to
Europe for two years, or Intercontinental Ports for six months. Round-the-world and
through tickets to New York, at Special Rates.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS, FREIGHTS, DATES OF SAILING
E. V. D. PARR,
Superintendent.

Apply to—
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS
FROM HONGKONG.
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

North American Line. For VICTORIA, SEATTLE and TACOMA, via
SHANGHAI, MANILA, NAGASAKI, MOJI,
KOBE and YOKOHAMA.
RANS PACIFIC.
HAWAII MARU, Wednesday, 28th Sept. at Noon.
CANADA MARU, Thursday, 29th Sept. at 3 p.m.
PANAMA MARU, Saturday, 30th Sept. at 3 p.m.

FORMOSAN LINE.—For Tamsui, Keelung, Anping and Takao, via
Swatow and Amoy.
KANKO MARU, Sunday, 23rd Sept. at Noon.
SOSHI MARU, Thursday, 27th Sept. at 10 a.m.
JOSHIN MARU, Sunday, 30th Sept. at Noon.

These Formosan Lines will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF,
near 100 Harbour Office and while the steamer is alongside the Wharf Telephone
No. 76 will be fixed.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.—Every three months steamers proceed
to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius,
urban and Cape Town.

AUSTRALIAN LINE.—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide,
calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.

BOMBAY LINE.—Fortnightly service for Bombay calling at Singapore,
Port Swettenham, Penang and Colombo. At present this line's steamers
take cargo only.

JAVA LINE.—Monthly service for Java ports calling at Manila, Sandakan
and Macassar. Booking for passengers and cargo to these ports.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS
APPLY AT THE OFFICE.

M. HIGUCHI, Manager.

No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. Nos. 744 & 745

"NEDERLAND" ROYAL MAIL LINE
(STOOMVAERT MAATSCHAPPY "NEDERLAND").ROTTERDAM LLOYD ROYAL MAIL LINE
(STOOMVAERT MAATSCHAPPY "ROTTERDAMSCHE LLOYD").

Joint Service
between NETHERLAND INDIES, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and
SAN FRANCISCO.

Next sailings for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA and
HONOLULU:

STAMERS Tons Sails
"KONINGIN DER NEDERLANDEN" 15,000 28th September.
"OPHER" 8,000 10th October.

These superior passenger steamers have accommodation for first and second
class saloon passengers.

For further particulars please apply to
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN L.N.,
AGENTS.

HONGKONG-NEW YORK.

REGULAR SAILINGS FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK, via
PORTS and SUEZ and PANAMA CANALS.

(With liberty to call at the Malacca Coast).

For Freight & further particulars apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS
with transshipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND APCAR LINE.

Sailings from Hongkong.

Steamers from Hongkong on, or about Connecting at Calcutta with On or about

A steamer Shortly

For freight and further particulars apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,
Batavia, Semarang and Sourabaya.

Sails on or about

For Sailing Dates Freight and Passages apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR SWATOW & SHANGHAI YINGCHOW Sept. 23, at 10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK LUCHOW Sept. 24, at Noon.
SHANGHAI CHENKIN Sept. 25, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI SINKING Sept. 27, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI ANSHU Sept. 30, Daylight.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER—Twice Weekly.
S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL".

MANILA LINE—TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS. Excellent Saloon
accommodation Amidships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms.
SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO. Excellent
Saloon accommodation Amidships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and
State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai,
taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.
Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at
Wootung.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

Telephone No. 36.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For SWATOW & SHANGHAI YINGCHOW Sept. 23, at 10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK LUCHOW Sept. 24, at Noon.
SHANGHAI CHENKIN Sept. 25, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI SINKING Sept. 27, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI ANSHU Sept. 30, Daylight.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with
electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon. This line is temporarily
disorganized owing to the war. Particulars on application.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton
and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation
and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via
Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports
with a weekly service.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton
and Haiphong, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation
and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via
Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports
with a weekly service.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton
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SHIPPING

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good
Accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in State-rooms
and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW
AND RETURN.

(Occupying 8 to 10 Days)

STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN
HAIHONG Capt. J. W. Evans TUESDAY, 25th Sept. at 12 Noon.
HAITAN Capt. A. E. Hodgins FRIDAY, 28th Sept. at 12 Noon.

SWATOW

Arrivals and Departures from the Company Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

General Managers.



TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

Via SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN and HONOLULU.

FAST and LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
KOREA MARU	18,000	5th October.
SIBERIA MARU	18,000	15th October.
TENYO MARU	22,000	26th October.
NIFFON MARU	11,000	10th November.
SENYO MARU	25,000	23rd November.
PERIA MARU	9,000	

† Omit call at Shanghai.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,

SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO CRUZ, BALBOA,

CALLAO, ARICA and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers	Tons
ANYO MARU	18,500
KIYO MARU	17,900
SEIYO MARU	14,000

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports or call in Japan free of charge.
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

T. DAIGO, AGENT.

KING'S BUILDING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT
TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION.	STEAMERS.	Displacement.	SAILING DATE.
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEAT- TLE via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKA- CHI and YOKOHAMA	SINABA MARU, Capt. Higo,	Tons 12,500	MONDAY, 8th Oct. at Noon.
	YOKOHAMA MARU, Capt. Terada,	Tons 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 24th Oct. at Noon.
KOBE	NIKKO MARU, Capt. Takeda,	Tons 9,000	MONDAY, 8th Sept. at 5 p.m.
	FUSEIMI MARU, Capt. Imizawa,	Tons 21,000	TUESDAY, 25th Sept. at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	HIRANO MARU, Capt. Fraser,	Tons 18,000	THURSDAY, 27th Sept. at 11 a.m.
	SEAGA MARU, Capt. Komatsu,	Tons 12,500	SATURDAY, 10th Oct. at 11 a.m.
KOBE	BOMBAY MARU, Capt. Kawai,	Tons 8,000	FRIDAY, 5th Oct.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA	JINSEN MARU, Capt. Suiko,	Tons 8,000	MONDAY, 1st Oct.

LONDON via SINGAPORE,
MALACCA, PENANG,
COLOMBO, DELAGOA
BAY, CAPE TOWN and
MADEIRA

SYDNEY and MELBOURNE,
via MANILA, THURS-
DAY ISLAND, TOWNS-
VILLE and BRISBANE.

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE,
PENANG & BANGKOK.

BOMBAY via SINGAPORE,
MALACCA and COLOMBO.

† Wireless Telegraphy.

FOR DATES OF DEPARTURE

APPLY AT THE COMPANY'S

OFFICE

EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE
via PANAMA CANAL.

(CARGO ONLY.)

NEW YORK via SHANGHAI,
KOBE, YOKOHAMA,
SAN FRANCISCO,
PANAMA and COLON.

For dates of departure and further information apply to
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
E. MORI, Manager.

Telephone Nos. 274 & 275.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

JOINT SERVICE OF THE
"NEDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM
LLOYD" ROYAL MAIL LINES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship
"WILHELM"
having arrived from SAN FRANCISCO.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified
that all Goods are being landed at their
risk into the hazardous and/or extra-
hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence and/or from the Wharves delivery
may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods
remaining undelivered after noon, the
28th September, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Underwriter on or before
the 28th September, or they will not be
recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on the 28th
September at 10 a.m. by the Company's
surveyors Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Insurance whatsoever has been
effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN L.N.,
Agents.

Hongkong, Sept. 20, 1917. 2124

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO via
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS
AND SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship
"KOREA MARU"
The above named Steamer having
arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby
notified to send in their Bills of Lading
for counter-signature, and take immediate
delivery of Cargo from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on SATUR-
DAY, 22nd September at 5 p.m. will be
landed at Consignees' risk and expense,
and delivery must then be taken from the
Company's Godown.

Storage charges will be assessed on all
Cargo remaining undelivered on THURS-
DAY, 27th September, at 5 p.m.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be
effected.

No Claims will be recognized after the
Goods have left the Steamer or Godown.
All chafed and damaged Goods will
be landed into the Company's Godown,
where they will be examined on 1st
October at 10 a.m.

No Claims will be recognized if filed
after the 11th October, 1917.

T. DAIGO,
Agent.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2125

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG &
SINGAPORE.

(Also from Colombo and Madras via
"Euryalus" and "Thongwa")

THE Steamship
"JAPAN"
having arrived from the above Ports.

Consignees of Cargo by her are notified
that all Goods are being landed at their
risk into the hazardous and/or extra-
hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence and/or from the Wharves delivery
may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by 28th instant, will
be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged pack-
ages are to be left in the Godown,
where they will be examined by Messrs.
Goddard and Douglas on 27th instant,
at 10 a.m.

Claims against the Steamer must be
presented in writing within 10 days
after arrival of steamer, otherwise they
will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by
the undersigned in any case whatever.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2130

JAPANESE MAKERS.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.
HONGKONG.

10th Sunday After Trinity, Sept. 23rd.
Holy Communion (7.30 a.m.)
Matins (11 a.m.)
Responses: Ferial; Venite, Macfarren;
Psalm, Cusley, Tuck; Te Deum,
Woolward, Smart; Turlie, Benedic-
tus, Turlie; Hymns, 214, 215.
Evangelist (8 p.m.)
Responses: Ferial; Psalm, Tonsa, Per-
grinus; Wickes; Magnificat, Cusley,
(20th morning); None, Dimitris,
(Turlie, 20th evening); Hymns, 15,
221, 477.

St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon.

Holy Communion at 8 a.m. and Evening
Prayer.
Morning Prayer 11 a.m.
Responses: Ferial; Venite, Macfarren;
Psalm, XXIII Morning CX Cusley,
CXI Turlie; XII Elver, CXII Smart;
Te Deum, St. Jude; Benedictus,
Langdon, Hymns, 6, 1, 173, 214, (A,
& M. 2nd and Tunc).
National Anthem.
Evening Prayer 8 p.m.
Responses: Ferial; Psalm, XXIII
Evening CXIV Tonsa Pergrinus, in
unison, CXV Bennett; Magnificat,
Smart; None, Dimitris, Felton;
Kyrie, Maude; Hymns, 30, (A &
M. 183, 201, 458, 75).
National Anthem.

Yuen Church, Kennedy Road.

Sunday Services, September 23rd.
Morning Service at 11 a.m.
Evening Service at 8 p.m.
Preacher: Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald.

The Gospel Hall.

10 & 12 PRINCE STREET.
Weekly Services: Sunday: Breaking of
Bread for Believers only 11 a.m.
Gospel Meeting, 8 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday, Bible study
8 p.m.
Friday, Ladies' Bible study 5.30 p.m.
Saturday, Prayer Meeting, 8 p.m.

First Church of Christ Scientists.

MACDONALD ROAD.
Sundays, 11 a.m.
Wednesdays, 5.30 p.m.

Welsh Methodist Church.

Wanchai.
Sunday Morning Service 10.15 a.m.
Sunday Evening Service 8.15 p.m.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Home.

Avenue Street.
Sunday Evening, Gospel Meeting, 8 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church.

Garland Road.
Mass and Sermon at 10 a.m. followed by
the Benediction of the Blessed
Sacrament.

Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Glenn.
Low Mass at 6.7 and 9.30 a.m.
High Mass at 8 a.m.
5.30 p.m.: Benediction of the Blessed
Sacrament.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN SEPTEMBER.

The following Table shows the Stan-
dard Time at which Official Night ends
and begins during the month of Sept.
1917:

Date.	Ends.	Begin.
21st.	6.34	6.34
22nd.	6.32	6.32
23rd.	6.31	6.31
24th.	6.30	6.30
25th.	6.29	6.29
26th.	6.28	6.28
27th.	6.27	6.27
28th.	6.25	6.25
29th.	6.24	6.24

PATELL & CO.

ORIENTAL PRODUCE
EXPORTERS,
SILK MERCHANTS,
COMMISSION AGENTS.

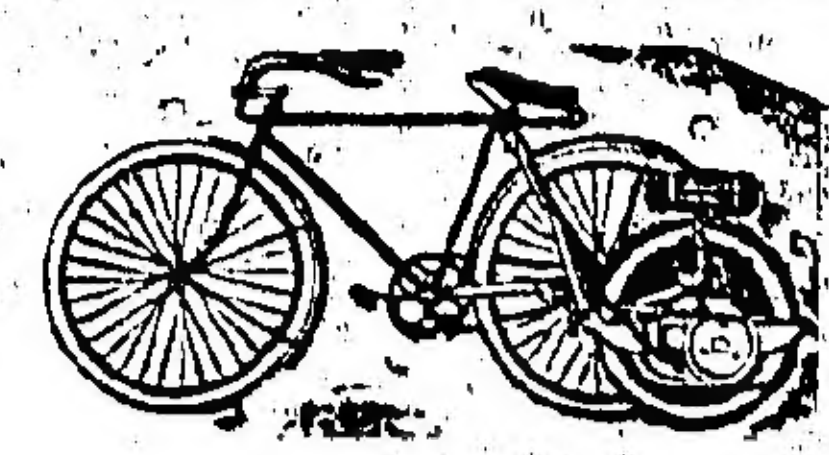
Agencies in
NEW YORK,
SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
Branches:—
CANTON,
SHANGHAI,
YOKOHAMA,
BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE: King's Buildings
HONGKONG.

SILMPOPON (SEBATTIK)
COAL.

THE undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the OWIN H. B. REOR
COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote
prices for best quality SILMPOPON
COAL in bulk to Bunkers at SEBATTIK
or SANDAKAN (British North
Borneo).
SILMPOPON COAL compares favour-
ably with the best grades of Japanese
Coal and gives good results on a very
moderate consumption.
Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or
SANDAKAN (exclusively for SILMPOPON
COAL) (either cargo or Bunkers)
are exempt from payment of all Port
charges.

At Sebatik the Company's wharf where there is a
minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low
water Spring Tides.
Charts of Sibau Bay (Sebatik Har-
bour) and other information
concerning the Port can be had on
application to the Agents.
BRADLEY & CO., LTD.
Agents: Cowie Harbour Coal
Company, Limited.

"SMITH"
MOTOR WHEELS.Price
\$130.00Price
\$130.00

Latest Models just arrived:

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,

4, Des Vaux Road, HONGKONG,
Tel. 27.HONGKONG MARKET
PRICES.

Butcher Meat.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin—Mei Lung Pa	21
Prime Cut	21
Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk	20
Roast—Shiu	20
Breast—Ngau Nam	18
Soup—Tong Yuk	16
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	20
Steak Sirloin—Ngau Lau	20
Sausages—No. 1	26
Bullock's Brains—Ngau No per set	9
Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li each	45
Tongue, corned—Ham Ngau Li	each 60 cents
Head—Ngon Tau	each 80
Heart—Ngau Sam	13
Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin	18
Liver—Ngau Kook	each 10
Kidneys—Ngau Yiu	10
Tail—Ngau Mei	8
Liver—Ngau Koon	10
Tripe (unadressed)—Ngau To	10
Calves Head and Feet—Ngau-tai	each 80.00
Mutton Chop—Young Pui Kwat	16
Leg—Young Pui	24
Shoulder—Young Pui	24
Saddle—Young Pui	16
Pigs' Chitlings—Chu Chong	3
Brains—Chu No	per set 3
Feet—Chu Kuek	14
Fry—Chu Chap	20
Head—Chu Tau	18
Heart—Chu Sam	each 10
Kidneys—Chu Yiu	each 10
Liver—Chu Kook	10
Pork Chop—Chu Fai Kwat	24
Leg—Chu Fai	24
Loin—Chu Hau Tun	28
Fat of Lamb—Chu Yau	21
Sheep's Head and Feet—Young	60
Heart—Young Sam	each 8
Kidneys—Young Yiu	each 12
Liver—Young Koon	12
Sucking Pigs, to order—Chu Tai	20
Suet, Beef—Shang Ngau Yau	20
Mutton—Shang Ngau Yau	20
Veal—Ngau Tai Yau	20
Sausages—Ngau Tai Chong	No. 1 lb. 20
Lard—Chu Yau	10

Fish.

	Cts.
Barbel—Ka Yu	16
Bream—Pin Yu	16
Canton Fresh Water Fish—	Hot Su Yu
Carp—Li Yu	22
Catfish—Chiu Yu	14
Codfish—Mau Yu	14
Croaker—Hsi Yu	18
Cuttle Fish—Mau Yu	16
Dab—Shu Mang Yu	22
Deer—Wong Mei Lap	10
Dog Fish—Tui To Shu	10
Eel, Conger—Hoi Man	14
Fresh water—Tam Shui Yu	18
Yellow—Wong Sin	34
Frog—Tin Kai	36
Grouper—Shek Pan	14
Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu	17
Herring—To Pak	22
Halibut—Cheung Kwai Kap	22
Lobster—Wong Fa Yu	20
Loach—Yu Yu	20
Lobster—Lung Ha	20
Mackerel—Chi Yu	22
Monk Fish—Mong Yu	34
Mullet—Tui Yu	16
Oysters—Shang Ho	18
Parrot Fish—Kai Kung Yu	14
Perch—Tau Lo	18
Pike—Fa Pau Fong	18
Plaice—Pan Yu	18
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	28
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	32
Prawns—Ming Ha	34
Ray—Pai Pa Shu	10
Rock Fish—Shek Kau Kung	15
Roach—Chun Yu	14
Salmon—Ma Yu	32
Shark—Sha Yu	8
Shrimp—Po Yu	8
Shrimp—Ha	25
Snapper—Lap Yu	28
Sole—Tat Shu Yu	28
Tench—Wan Yu	18
Turbot—Tao Hau Yu	18
Turtles, small, fresh water	80
Kenk Yu	80

Poultry.

	Cts.
Chicken—Kai Tai	16
Capon, Small—Shu Kai	30
Capon, Large—Shu Kai	36
Duck—AP	24
Duck—Pan Kai	18
Egg, Hen—Kai Tan (cooking) per doz.	17
Egg, Hen—Kai Tan (fresh) per doz.	24
Egg, Chicken—Kai Tan	18
Egg, Hatched—Hoi Nam Kai	28
Egg, Nip	26

Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each 30
Hohow—Hoi Hau Pak Kap	each 24
Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung	lb. 80
Turkeys, Hen—Fo Kai Na	50
Snipe—Sha Tau	each 22
Phasian—Shan Kai	—
Quail—Om Chun	—
Partridges—Che Ku	—

Fruits.

Almonds—Hau Yan	lb. 35
Apples, California—Kim Shan	18
Bananas, (bride's), Mexico—Sai	11
Carambola—Young To	11
Cocoanuts—Ye Tao	each 10
Lemons, China—Ling Mun	lb. 8
Lemons, America—Kam Shan	each 7
Lichees, Dried, (small stone)	10
Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet)	—
Shan-sheng Tim Chang	—
Oranges, (Canton)	—
Pears, (Canton), Cooking—Shu Li	10
Pennut—Fa Shang	10
Persimmons, Large—Hung Tai	12
Plum, (Canton)—Tat Chiu	10
Pumelo, Siam—Tsim Lo Yau	each 11
Walnut—Hoi To	10
Grapes—Po Tai Tiz	28

Vegetables, &c.

Artichokes—Ah Chi Cheek	each 10
Beans, sprout—Ngau Tai	10
Long—Tau Tok	9
Beet Root—Hung Tai	8
Bitter Squash—Fai Kwai	7
Brinjals, Green—ching Yau Kwai	5
Pea—Hong Ke	5
Cabbage, Chinese, (common)	8
Shanghai—Ye Tai	16
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kau Shan	—
Cauliflower (Large)—Ye Tai Fa each	—
(Medium)	—
(Small)	—
Carrots—Kam Shan	10
Celery, Chinese—Jong Kan Tai	9
Chillies, Dried—Koh Lat Chiu	20
Radish—Hong Fa Chiu	12
Green—ching Lat Chiu	6
Curry St. f. English—Kai Li Chiu	10
Cucumbers—ching Kwai	each 2
Garlic—Sun Tai	10
Ginger, young—Sun Tai Keung	10
Ginger, old—Lo Keung	10
Horseradish, Shanghai—Luk Kan	45
Indian Corn—Shuk Mai	each 06
Lettuce—Young Shing Tai	each 1
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	10
Mandarin—Kwai	8
Lam Mai Tai	8
Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Tai Ku	26
Okra	10
Onions, Bombay—Young Chung Tai	10
Onions, Green—Shing Ching	10
Onions, Shanghai—Sheng-ho	10
Parsley—Kun Tai	12.20
Peas, Sweet—Fau Shu	3
Japanese—Yat Fong Shu Tai	10
American—Fa Kai Shu Tai	10
Pumpkin—Tung Kwa	10
Radish—Hong Lo Pak Tai	6
Rhubarb (Fresh)—Tai Wong	—
Shallots—Kong Chong Tai	7
Spinach—Yin Tai	4
Tomatoes—Fau Ke	4
Taro—Wu Tai	4
Turnips, Fanti (Long)—Lo Pak	4
Vegetable Marrow—Tat Kwai	5
Water, Cress—Sai Young Tai	15
Lily root—Ling Ngau	5
Yams—Tai Shu	5

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Previous day	On demand	On date at 1 p.m.	On date at 5 p.m.
Barometer	29.87	29.87	29.86
Temperature	80	79	83
Humidity	87	79	73
Direction of Wind	S	S	W
Force	5	5	5
Weather	op	op	op
Rain	0.07	0.00	0.07

Barometer open to atmosphere on the 21st at 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. on the 22nd.
F. CLAXTON, Director.

REMEMBER THE NAME

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY is the best known medicine for colic, cholera, dysentery, cramps or pain in the stomach. It is a day and night remedy. For sale by all chemists and druggists.



Treasures of Hair and Skin

Preserved by Cuticura
If you use Cuticura Soap for every-day toilet purposes, with touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then as needed to soothe and heal the first pimples, redness, roughness or scalp irritation, you will have as clear a complexion and as good hair as it is possible to have.

Sample Each Free by Post

Address post-card: 77, Newbury & Sons, 27, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2, and everywhere.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

"On and after the 1st Oct. 1917, the rate of postage on letters from Hongkong to Fatsan, Chao Chuen, and Whampoa will be 4 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof."

Mails for Europe via Suez are despatched as opportunity offers but only correspondence specially marked is forwarded by that route and no particulars of such mails can be given.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Liberia, Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco, cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

OUTWARD MAILS.

Registered and Parcel mails close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below, unless otherwise stated.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS

OUTWARD.

FOR	WEEK-DAYS	SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS
Fai O	8.00 P.M.	—
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
Cheng Chow	7.30 A.M. & 3 P.M.	—
Shatauk, Shu	7.30 A.M.	5.00 P.M.
Shan and	4.00 P.M.	—
Kei-shen, Aitau	—	—
P. O. S. S.	—	—
Sai Lung	—	—
Santa, Stanley	4.30 P.M.	—
Canton, Samui	7.30 A.M.	5.00 P.M.
Wuchow	5 P.M. (Letters 6 P.M.)	—
Macao	7.15 A.M. 1.30 P.M. (6.00 P.M. except Saturdays)	5.00 P.M.
Namtau and	5.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Samuel	5.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Shamshun	10.00 A.M. 4.00 P.M.	9.00 A.M.

FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

FOR	WEEK-DAYS	SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS
Macao	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M. (7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M. 8.30 P.M.)	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M. 8.30 P.M.
Canton	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M. (7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M. 8.30 P.M.)	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M. 8.30 P.M.
Tai Ping	8.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M.	—
Shek Ki	9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M.	—
Kungmoon	6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M.	—
Kumchuk	6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M.	—
Katong	6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M.	—

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, Sept. 22, 1917.

In London	Bank Wire	2/2 1/2
On demand	—	3/3
30 days sight	—	3/3 1/2
4 months sight	—	3/3 1/2
Credit 4 months sight	—	3/4 1/2
Documentary, 4 months sight	—	3/4 1/2
On Paris	On demand	449
Credit, 4 months sight	—	454
On New York	On demand	77 1/2
Credit, 60 days sight	—	77 1/2
On Bombay	On demand	—
Wire	—	—
On Calcutta	On demand	—
Wire	—	—
On Singapore	On demand	—
On Manila	On demand	154
On Shanghai	On demand	—
30 days sight (private paper)	—	—
On Yokohama	On demand	1504
Gold Leaf, 100 (per tael)	—	44.40
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate)	—	95.00
Bar silver in Hongkong	—	27 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Copper Cash	—	1 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Copper (Tens)	—	1 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Silver Interest	—	7 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Bank Cash	—	7 1/2 p.m.

WEATHER REPORT.

September 22d. 1917. 0724.—No returns from Japanese stations. Pressure has decreased slightly along the east and south coasts of China, and increased slightly elsewhere. The anticyclone now appears to be central to the N.W. of the Gulf of Pechili; the low pressure area over the S. China Sea has partially filled up.

Moderate monsoon will prevail along the China coast and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 1.04 inch. Total since January 1st, 74.24 inches, against an average of 73.37 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 23rd September:—

1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: E. winds, moderate, fair.

2.—Formosa Channel: N.E. winds, moderate.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamcocks: The same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

5.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

6.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

7.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

8.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

9.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

10.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

11.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

12.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.

13.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Haiman: The same as No. 1.